Instruction Manual

Automatic
Upper Arm Blood Pressure Monitor

Model No. HL858DK

Medical Disclaimer

This manual and product are not meant as a substitute for advice provided by your doctor.

You are not to use the information contained herein, or this product for diagnosing or treating a health problem or prescribing any medication. If you have or suspect that you have a medical problem, promptly consult your healthcare provider.

Intended Use

This device uses the oscillometric method to automatically measure systolic and diastolic blood pressure as well as heart rate.

The measurement position is at human being's arm.

All values can be read out in LCD panel, and pulse waveform detected by AFib detection area will be shown as well.

The device is designed for home use and recommended for use by adults aged 18 years and older with upper arm circumference ranging from 9 ~ 13" (approx. 23 ~ 33 cm).

This device also equipped an AFib detection feature to collect and analyse pulse, if the specific characteristics of atrial fibrillation (AFib) is presenting during the measuring, the device will give a warning signal with the reading.

About Blood Pressure

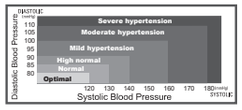
A. What is blood pressure?
Blood pressure is the measurement of the force of blood pushing against the walls of the arteries. Arterial blood pressure is constantly fluctuating during the course of the cardiac cycle. The highest pressure in the cycle is called the systolic blood pressure, and represents the pressure in the artery when the heart is beating. The lowest pressure is the diastolic blood pressure, and represents the pressure in the artery when the heart is at rest. Both the systolic and the diastolic pressure are necessary for a physician to evaluate the status of a patient's blood pressure.

Many factors such as physical activity, anxiety or the time of day, can influence your blood pressure. Blood pressure is typically low in the mornings and increases from the afternoon to the evening. It is on average lower in the summer and higher in the winter.

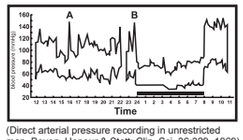
B. Why is it useful to measure blood pressure at home?
Having one's blood pressure measured by a doctor in a hospital or a clinic, is often associated with a phenomenon called "White Coat Hypertension" where the patient becomes nervous or anxious, thus raising his blood pressure. There are also numerous other factors that might cause your blood pressure to be raised at a specific time of day. This is why medical practitioners recommend home monitoring as it is important to get readings of blood pressure during different times of the day to really get an idea of your real blood pressure.

Medical practitioners generally recommend the "Rule of 3", where you are encouraged to take your blood pressure three times in a row (at 3 ~ 5 minute interval), three times a day for three days. After three days you can average all the results and this will give you an accurate idea of what your blood pressure really is.

A. WHO blood pressure classifications:
Standards for assessment
of high or low blood pressure
without regard to age, have been established by the World Health Organization (WHO), as shown in the chart. However this chart is not exact for classification of blood pressure and it's intended to be used as a guide in understanding non-invasive blood pressure measurements. Please consult with your physician for proper diagnosis.



B. Variations in blood pressure:
Individual blood pressures vary greatly both on a daily and a seasonal basis. These variations are even more pronounced in hyper tense patients. Normally the blood pressure rises while at work and is at its lowest during sleeping period.
(hyper tense: means a person who has high blood pressure symptom.)
The graph below illustrated the variations in blood pressure over a whole day with measurement taken every five minutes.
The thick line represents sleep. The rise in blood pressure at 4 PM (A in the graph) and 12 AM (B in the graph) correspond to an attack of pain.



(Direct arterial pressure recording in unrestricted man. Beven, Honour & Stott: Clin. Sci. 36:329. 1969)

About Atrial Fibrillation

A. What is Atrial Fibrillation (AFib)[1] ?
Atrial fibrillation is the most common type of arrhythmia. An arrhythmia is a problem with the rate or rhythm of the heartbeat. During an arrhythmia, the heart can beat too fast, too slow, or with an irregular rhythm. AF occurs if rapid, disorganized electrical signals cause the heart's two upper chambers—called the atria —to fibrillate. The term "fibrillate" means to contract very fast and irregularly.
In AF, blood pools in the atria. It isn't pumped completely into the heart's two lower chambers, called the ventricles. As a result, the heart's upper and lower chambers don't work together as they should.
People who have AF may not feel symptoms. However, even when AF isn't noticed, it can increase the risk of stroke. In some people, AF can cause chest pain or heart failure, especially if the heart rhythm is very rapid. AF may happen rarely or every now and then, or it may become an ongoing or long-term heart problem that lasts for years.

B. How does AFib impact my family or me?
One in every six strokes is AFib-related. Whilst individuals above the age of 65 are more likely to have AFib, individuals as young as 40 can exhibit AFib. Early diagnosis can help reduce the risk of a stroke. Knowing your blood pressure and knowing whether you or your family members have AFib can help reduce the risk of stroke. HL858DK AFib detection provides a convenient way to detect the specific characteristics for AFib during the measuring pulse period.

C. Risk factors you can control:
High blood pressure and AFib are both considered «controllable» risk factors for strokes. Knowing your blood pressure and knowing whether you have AFib is the first step in proactive stroke prevention.

[1] : National Institutes of Health, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Precautions

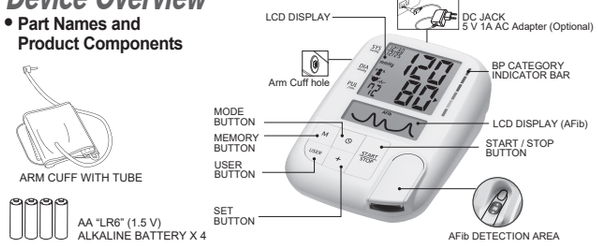
- Do not use this manual and product as a substitute for advice, diagnosing or treating a health problem or prescribing any medication by your doctor. If you have a medical problem, promptly consult your healthcare provider.
- Read the Instruction Manual thoroughly before measuring and keep it at hand for your reference at any time.
- This device uses the oscillometric method to measure systolic and diastolic blood pressure as well as your heart rate. It's recommended for use by people over the age of 18 and not to be used on infant or children.
- The patient is an intended operator, who can operate the device by himself or herself, not necessarily by a physician or operator.
- This monitor is not intended for use in the MR environment.

⊙ Do not take a measurement in a low (less than 41 ℉/5 ℃) and high (more than 104 ℉/40 ℃) temperature, nor in a place outside humidity ranges (15 % ~ 93 % R.H.), and atmospheric pressure ranges (700 ~ 1060 hPa), or you may get inaccurate readings.
⊙ Wait 30 ~ 45 minutes before measurement if you've just consumed caffeinated beverages or smoked cigarettes.
⊙ Rest at least 5 ~ 10 minutes before taking a measurement.
⊙ To allow your blood vessels to return to the condition prior to taking the measurement, please wait at least 3 ~ 5 minutes in between measurements. You may need to adjust the wait time according to your personal physiological situation.
⊙ We recommend you using the same arm (preferably the left arm) and measuring around the same time each day.
⊙ Sit down comfortably and place your elbow on the table with your feet flat on the floor. Please do not cross your legs during measurements.
⊙ Keep the cuff at heart level. Relax your hand with the palm facing up.
⊙ Perform measurements in a quiet and relaxed environment at room temperature.
⊙ Do not move or shake the device during a measurement. Please keep quiet and do not talk during measurements.
⊙ This product is not suitable for:
■ Pregnant women
■ The diagnosis of arrhythmia
■ Undergoing intravenous injection on any limb
■ Currently in a dialysis treatment
■ In pre-eclampsia condition
⊙ For those who have had a mastectomy or lymph node clearance, it is recommended to take a measurement on the unaffected side.
⊙ When used among medical electronic equipments on the same limb, pressurization of the cuff may cause temporarily malfunction to other devices.
⊙ Keep in mind that blood pressure naturally varies from time to time throughout the day and is affected by lots of different factors such as stress, eating, smoking, alcohol consumption, medication, and physical activity, etc.
⊙ Normally the blood pressure rises while at work and is at its lowest during sleeping period.
⊙ Blood pressure measurements should be interpreted by a physician or a trained health professional who is familiar with your medical history. Using the unit and recording the results regularly for your physician to interpret, you will keep your physician informed of the continuing changes in your blood pressure.
⊙ If you have one of the circulatory problems as arteriosclerosis, diabetes, liver disease, kidney disease, severe hypertension, peripheral circulation……, please consult your healthcare professional before using the device.
⊙ Results are not intended for direct diagnosis. Please consult with a physician if you have any questions or concerns about your results.
⊙ Blood pressure measurements determined with this device are quivalent to those obtained by a trained observer using the cuff/stethoscope auscultation method and are within the accuracy limits prescribed by the American National Standard for Manual, electronic, or Automated Sphygmomanometers.
⊙ If the cuff is worn incorrectly, or the shape of the upper arm is special (for example, the circumference of the upper arm differs largely from the circumference of the forearm), excessive gap might occur between the arm cuff and the arm, and it might lead to measurement errors or inaccuracies. If you have any question about the condition of cuff wearing and/or measurement result, please consult your healthcare professional.
⊙ The applied part is cuff.

Attention!
1. Do not use the device on infants, children, or those who cannot express their own intention. To avoid accidental strangulation, keep this product away from children and do not drape tube around neck.
2. The medical device should not used adjacent to or stacked with other equipment. In case adjacent or stacked use is necessary, The medical device should be observed to verify normal operation in the configuration in which it will be used.
3. Consider the electromagnetic compatibility of the device (ex. power disturbance, radio frequency interference etc.) Please use it indoor only.
4. Over high frequency measurements may result in blood flow interference, which is likely to cause uncomfortable sensations, such as partial subcutaneous hemorrhage, or temporary numbness to your arm. In general, these symptoms should not last long. However, if you do not recover in time, please seek your medical practitioners for help.

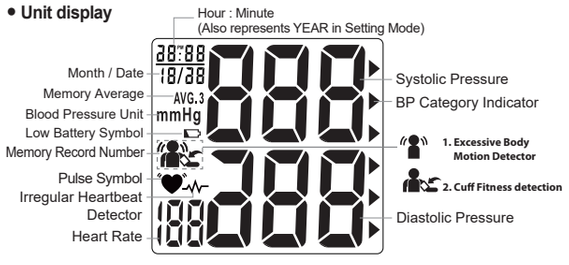
Device Overview

• Part Names and Product Components



Caution!
Substitution of a component different from that supplied might result in measurement error.

• Unit display



Symbol Definitions

SYMBOLS		Definitions
	Low Battery Symbol	This symbol appears when the battery power is excessively low or the polarity reverses. → We suggest you replace all batteries with new ones, and make sure the +/- polarities are properly positioned.
	Pulse Symbol	Once pulse is detected, the symbol flashes with each pulse beat. → Our suggestion: Please do not talk or move during measurements.
AVG. 3	Memory Average	This symbol appears when LCD displays average value of last 3 readings.
	Irregular Heartbeat Detector	This symbol appears for 1.5 minutes when the user was talking, moving, shaking, or an irregular heart beat was detected during measurements. → Our suggestion: Please do not talk or move during measurements. Repeat the measurement after resting for at least 5 minutes, and restart your measurement while sitting down comfortably and quietly.
	BP Category Indicator	The arrowhead points out the specific BP Category that your measurement reading fits in.
	Excessive Body Motion Detector	Displayed if body movement is detected during measurement, especially, the movement on the arm the blood pressure monitor is worn on. Besides, if cuff is worn improperly, or the shape of the upper arm is unusual (for example, the circumference of the upper arm differs largely from the circumference of the forearm), excessive gap might exist between the arm cuff and the arm. Notice: The measured blood pressure reading may not be accurate if the icon is displayed.
	Cuff Fitness detection Symbol	Displayed if the cuff was wrapped incorrectly, which is too tight or too loose. This is the function aid in detecting if the cuff is wrapped properly.
AFib Detection feature-related Symbol	OK	This symbol appears when there is no detection of Atrial Fibrillation.
	AFib	This symbol appears when there is detection of Atrial Fibrillation.

Features

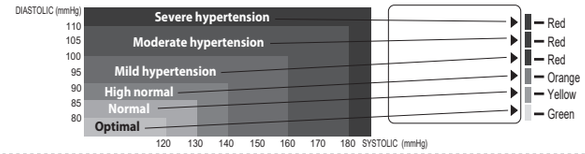
BP Category Indicator

This device is equipped with BP Category Indicator which classifies your blood pressure measurements into six stages (Optimal to Severe hypertension) as shown in below chart:

Stages of Blood Pressure Levels		Systolic (mmHg)	Diastolic (mmHg)	Color	Recommendations by SIGN 49: Hypertension in older people
Grade 3	Severe Hypertension	≥180	≥110	Red	Confirm immediately and repeat BP in one day and again within one week depending on clinical situation.
Grade 2	Moderate Hypertension	160~179	100~109	Red	Serial blood pressures repeated within one month.
Grade 1	Mild Hypertension	140~159	90~99	Red	Provide advice about lifestyle modification and confirm within two months.
High-Normal		130~139	85~89	Orange	Provide advice about lifestyle modification and recheck in one year.
Normal		120~129	80~84	Yellow	Recheck in 2 - 5 years.
Optimal		<120	<80	Green	(patients aged > 75 years offered annual health check)

* Source: WHO, 2003

After each measurement is completed, LCD display will show your position automatically on the six segments of the bar indicator which corresponds to BP Category Indicator.



Note!
When a person's systolic and diastolic pressures fall into different categories, the higher category should apply.
e.g. systolic pressure 181 & diastolic pressure 99 → Red category (Severe Hypertension)
e.g. systolic pressure 110 & diastolic pressure 95 → Red category (Mild Hypertension)

Note!
The above table is not exact for classification of blood pressure and it's intended to be used as a guide in understanding non-invasive blood pressure measurements.
Usually this is not a cause for concern; however we recommend you consult with your physician for proper diagnosis or seek medical advice according to our recommendation mentioned above. Please note that the device does not appropriate to diagnose hypertension, and it is only for user reference on blood pressure monitoring.

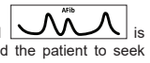
Irregular Heartbeat Detector

The symbol ♥ will appear on screen indicating a certain heartbeat irregularity was detected during measurement.
The heartbeat rhythm that is more than or less than 25% from the average rhythm is usually defined as an irregular heartbeat rhythm.
Talking, moving, shaking or an irregular pulse during the measurement can result in the appearance of this symbol.
Usually this is not a cause for concern, however if the symbol appears often, we recommend you seek medical advice.
And please note that the device does not replace a cardiac examination, but serves to detect pulse irregularities at an early stage.

Note!
- The pulse display is not suitable for checking the frequency of heart pacemarkers. If a certain pulse irregularity is detected during measurement often, we recommend you seek medical advice
- As a safeguard, we recommend that if you have arrhythmias such as atrial or ventricular premature beats and atrial fibrillation or any other special conditions you should check with your physician before using your device.
- The IHB function is not designed for use by people with arrhythmias nor for diagnosing or treating an arrhythmic problem. In order to filter the unstable status of user and avoid affecting the detection of heart rate from any movement, shaking or talking in the beginning of measurement, the method of averaging heart beat intervals of subject device is calculated with the three proper heart beat pulses detected in the beginning of measurement and that is different from a strict mathematical averaging of all recorded intervals.
- At least 3 beats with at least 25% difference from the average heart beat interval will generate the IHB icon on the screen.

Atrial Fibrillation Detection Feature

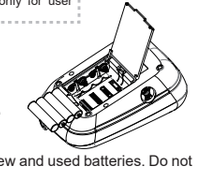
This device is equipped an AFib detection feature to collect and analyse pulse signal frequency from the user's finger, it provides a convenient way to screen AFib condition during measurement. The detection of atrial fibrillation is determined by the collection from a period of pulse signals from the AFib detection area.

If atrial fibrillation is detected during measurement, the AFib symbol  is displayed. If AFib symbol appears more frequently, we recommend the patient to seek professional medical advice.
This device does not replace a cardiac examination, but attempt to detect atrial fibrillation at the early stage.

Note!
- Sometimes the device will detect atrial fibrillation even when it is not there. This could happen if the hand and finger move during the measuring or another rhythm problem is present. Keep the hand and finger still during the measuring.
- This device may not detect atrial fibrillation in people with pacemakers or defibrillators.
- We recommend you consult with your physician for proper diagnosis or seek medical advice according to our recommendation mentioned above. Please note that the device does not appropriate to diagnose atrial fibrillation, and it is only for user reference on blood pressure monitoring.

Installing Batteries

When LOW BATTERY SYMBOL appears on the display, or no reaction toward operation, please change batteries.



Replace all worn-out batteries with new ones and do not mix new and used batteries. Do not mix alkaline, standard (carbon-zinc) or rechargeable (cadmium) batteries either. Such action may shorten the battery life or cause the device to malfunction.

Slide the battery cover and insert 4 AA (LR6) alkaline batteries into the battery compartment as shown on the figure below. Make sure the polarities "+" and "–" ends are coinciding with similar markings engraved on the battery housing.

Attention!
- Batteries are hazardous waste. Do not dispose of them together with the household garbage. Please discard worn-out batteries to the recycling site according to local regulations.
- Keep the battery away from children in case they choke on it.
- To prolong the battery life and prevent damage caused by leakage, remove the batteries from the device if the device is not to be used for a long period.
- The device will keep the last measuring results after changing batteries, please reset date and time.
- Please replace all worn-out batteries with new ones when you are operating the Atrial Fibrillation Detection feature, and the LOW BATTERY SYMBOL appears on the display.

Using the AC adapter

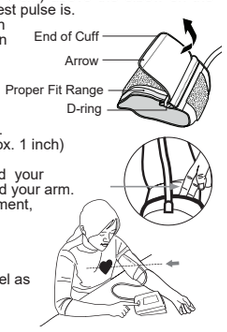
This monitor is designed for operation with batteries or an AC adapter.
Please use only a compatible AC adapter with required voltage and current as indicated in this manual.

Note!
- No batteries are needed when operating with an AC adapter.
- Please unload the batteries when operating with an AC adapter for an extended period of time.
- Leaving the batteries in the compartment for a long time may cause leakage, which may lead to damage of the unit.
- Recommend Adapter specification, do not use otherwise:
  Model: FranMar International, FRM06-S05-EU
  Rating:
  Input: 100-240V, 50/60 Hz, 0.2 A
  Output: 5V, DC, 1A,

Note!
When you use the blood pressure monitor with AC adapter, do no position the device to make it difficult to disconnect the adapter plug.

Applying the Cuff

⊙ Wrap the cuff on a bare arm or over thin clothing. Thick clothing or a rolled up sleeve will cause inaccurate blood pressure measurements.
⊙ Use only the approved arm cuff for this divice. Use of other arm cuffs may result in incorrect measurement result.
⊙ Press your brachial artery approximately 1 inch (2 ~ 3 cm) above the elbow on the inside of your left arm to determine where your strongest pulse is.
⊙ Slide the end of arm cuff furthest from the tube through the metal ring to a loop. The smooth cloth should be on the inside of the cuff.
⊙ If the cuff is located correctly, the velcro will be on the outside of the cuff and metal ring will not touch your skin.
⊙ Put left arm through the cuff loop. The tube should lie over the brachial artery on the inner part of the arm. The bottom edge of the cuff should be 2 ~ 3 cm (approx. 1 inch) above the inner elbow.
⊙ Pull the end of the cuff so that it tightens evenly around your arm, allow room for 2 fingers to fit between the cuff and your arm.
⊙ Please make sure the cuff do not slip during measurement, and the arrow falls within the Proper Fit Range.
⊙ When the cuff is positioned properly, press the velcro firmly against the pile side of the cuff.
⊙ Sit on a chair, back and arm supported, and lay your forearm on the table so that the cuff is at the same level as your heart.
⊙ Relax your arm and turn your arm upward.
⊙ Make sure there are no kinks in the air tube.

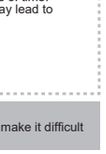


Note!
- Fit the cuff snugly, leaving enough space for 1 inch (2 ~ 3 cm) between the inner elbow and the lower edge of the cuff, or the measurement may not be accurate.
- This monitor comes with one size of arm cuff: 9" ~ 13" (23 ~ 33 cm).
- In case the cuff kept pumping up non-stop unwrap the cuff at once.
- Do not wrap the cuff around any body part other than your arm.
- The device is not supposed to be used when your arm is wounded or injured.
- If you have any infectious skin disease or the device is used by users with infectious skin disease, please do not continue using the device.
- Before using the device, user should check the appearance of cuff. If you notice blood or other soil on cuff, please do not use this device.
- If there is one of above situations, please dispose the device without reuse.
- Do not use this device if your wrist (Arm) has any wound or injury, especially after surgery on the wrist (Arm). Otherwise, it may cause infection at the surgical site. Please use the device after the wound has healed.

Measurement Procedure

Switch on the Monitor

A. Put in 4 AA "LR6" (1.5 V) alkaline batteries.
B. All segments appear on the screen for 3 seconds.
C. The monitor will automatically turn to sleeping mode (all LCD segment cleared).



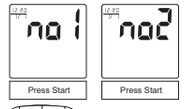
STANDBY MODE

Setting Year, Date and Time

A. Press ◷ button ("YEAR" flashes). Press **+ USER** button to adjust YEAR value.
B. Press ◷ button ("MONTH" flashes). Use **+ USER** button to adjust MONTH (1, 2, 3,……, 12).
C. Continue to set current DATE (varies from 1 to 31), HOUR (1, 2……12PM, 1PM……,12) and MINUTE (00,01……,59) by following Step B.
D. When settings are done, press ◷ button to confirm the settings. The device turns to standby mode.

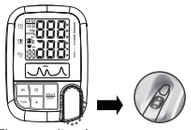
Taking a Measurement

A. Before measurement, press **USER** button to select User 1 or 2.



B-1. **Start a Measurement (With the blood pressure measurement and AFib detection feature):**

1. With the cuff wrapped around your upper arm, and place the finger of the opposite hand (index finger recommended) gently on the AFib detection area, then make sure the finger place at the correct position, press START/STOP button to start measurement. All display units appear on the screen.



2. After all symbols disappear, the display will show "00". The monitor is "Ready to Measure" and will automatically inflate to the level that is right for you.
3. As the cuff inflates, the monitor automatically determines your ideal inflation level. This monitor detects your blood pressure and pulse rate during inflation. The Heartbeat Symbol (♥) flashes at every heartbeat. This monitor also detects your pulse signals by the Advanced IHB detection area. Remain still and do not move until the entire measurement process is completed.

4. LCD screen displays your systolic rate, diastolic rate, pulse, BP Category Indicator, AFib Detection feature-related symbol and Irregular Heartbeat Detector symbol (if any) with date and time.

Note!
- Do not inflate the cuff until it is wrapped around your upper arm.
- Please clean the finger and make sure nothing is covered on it before taking the Atrial Fibrillation Detection measurement.
- The Atrial Fibrillation Detection measurement is not supposed to be used when your finger is wounded or injured.
- If the cuff does not stop inflating, remove the cuff at once.
- Please do not move and wait for the blood pressure measurement, as well as the AFib detection feature results displayed.

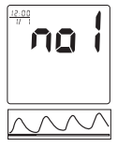
5-1. If AFib is not detected during the measurement as normal result, the LCD display will be as below:

5-2. If AFib is detected during the measurement, the “AFib” symbol will be displayed on the LCD as below:

6. The blood pressure measurment is completed and without any operation for 1.5 minutes, device automatically shuts off.

B-2. **Start a Measurement (Only with the AFib detection feature):**

1. When press the START/STOP key, the measurement of blood pressure and AFib detection will be both activated. If user just want to take an AFib detection measurement, please place the finger gently on the AFib detection area, then make sure the finger cover the AFib detection area, press the START/STOP key again.
2. The display will show “User 1 or 2 with date and time”. The monitor automatically detects your pulse signal. Remain still and do not move your finger until the entire measurement process is completed.



3. When the measurement is completed, LCD screen displays AFib Detection feature-related symbol with date and time.

Note! If user only takes the Atrial Fibrillation Detection measurement, data can Not be stored.

Memory Function

Storing data

The monitor can store up to 240 memories for 2 users, and automatically replace the oldest data with new one.

The Condition of Measurement		AFib detection feature	
		Success	Error
The blood pressure measurement	Success	This condition will be stored in the memory and recalling data will display as below:	This condition will be stored in the memory, however recalling data will display as below:
	Error	This condition will **NOT** be stored in the memory.	

Recalling data

A. Press **USER** button to select User 1 or 2.
B. Press **M** button to enter Memory Mode.
LCD displays average of last 3 measuring results first.
C. Press **M** button again, LCD displays the latest measuring result.
Use **M** and **✚** button to scroll through all stored measuring results.
D. To stop reading memories, press START/STOP button, and switch to Standby Mode.

Erasing data

A. Press **USER** button to select User 1 or 2.
B. Press **M** button to enter Memory Mode.
C. Press and hold **✚** and ◷ buttons at the same time, the data will be erased automatically.
D. To confirm the data in the selected user has been erased, press **M** button and no data should appear.

Note! Once deleted, your data can NOT be restored.

Storage and Maintenance

General Use

- Do not in any way twist the cuff.
- Do not press START/STOP button if the cuff is not wrapped around your upper arm.
- Do not drop the product and avoid any strong impacts.

Maintenance

To ensure that your device is in optimal use and to avoid damage, please refer to the following instructions:

- Clean the device and cuff with a soft dry cloth, or
- Use a dry cloth with water to clean the device (not directly flush, do not soak in water, and hold the device dry), or
- Do not use detergent or any strong chemicals to clean the device.
- Make sure the cuff is completely dry before using.

According to the use environment of the sphygmomanometer, the recommended disinfection method and frequency are as follows:

- Only use it yourself (home use), it can be cleaned at ordinary times, and wipe it once a month with a commercially available 75% alcohol cotton sheet (for the cuff) for more than 30 seconds each time.
- If it is used for more than one person (home use), it can be cleaned at ordinary times. It is disinfected once a week (for the cuff belt) with a commercially available 75% alcohol cotton sheet, for more than 30 seconds each time.
- After cleaning / disinfection/ before use, please make sure that there are no blood stains or soil on the LCD, the device and cuff, If there is any blood stains or soil, please dispose the device without reuse.
  If it is used in a complex environment (such as a hospital) or after multiple people (non-family), please discard the old cuff and replace it with a new one.

Storage

- If the device is not to be used for a long time, please remove the batteries from the device (leaking of battery acid can cause the device to malfunction).
- Always store the unit in the storage case after use. It is intended to be transported or stored in a carrying case between uses.
- Do not place the device directly under sunlight, in high temperature, or in humid or dusty places.

Troubleshooting

SYMBOLS/ SYMPTOMS	CONDITIONS/CAUSES	INDICATION/CORRECTION
Unit does not turn on when START/STOP button is pushed.	Worn-out batteries.	Replace them with 4 new AA (LR6) alkaline batteries.
	Battery polarities have been positioned incorrectly.	Re-insert the batteries in the correct positions.
EE Measuring Error Symbol appears when blood pressure value displayed is excessively low or high.	Cuff has been placed incorrectly.	Wrap the cuff properly so that it is positioned correctly.
	Did you talk or move during measurement?	Measure again. Keep arm steady during measurement.
	Shaking of the arm with the cuff on.	
E1 Measuring Error Symbol	Air circuit abnormality. Cuff tube may not be plugged into monitor correctly.	Check cuff connection. Measure again.
E2 Measuring Error Symbol	Inflation pressure exceeding 300 mmHg.	Switch the unit off, then measure again.
E3 Measuring Error Symbol	Can’t determine blood pressure measurement data.	Wrap the cuff properly and keep steady. Measure again.
Excessive Body Motion Detector Notice: The measured blood pressure reading may not be accurate if the icon is displayed.	Body movement during measurement, especially, the movement on the arm the blood pressure monitor is worn on. e.g. Talking, moving or shaking of the arm with the cuff on while measurement.	Measure again. Keep arm steady during measurement.
	Cuff is worn improperly, or the shape of the upper arm is unusual (for example, the circumference of the upper arm differs largely from the circumference of the forearm), excessive gap might be exist between the arm cuff and the arm.	Wrap the cuff properly and keep steady. Measure again. If you have any question about the cuff wearing and/or measurement result, please consult your healthcare professional.
Cuff Fitness detection Symbol	The cuff was wrapped incorrectly (for example too loosely or too tightly).	Please reference “applying the Cuff ” section to wrap the cuff correctly
E4 Try Again Measuring Error Symbol	Finger hasn’t be placed on AFib detection area.	Keep finger gently place and well-covered on AFib detection area and measure again.
	Finger moved away from the detection area when the measurement has not been completed yet.	Measure again and don’t move away your finger before measurement completed.
E5 Try Again Measuring Error Symbol	Finger press too hard on AFib detection area.	Measure again. Gently place finger on AFib detection area.
	Cold Finger and weak pulse signals can’t determine AFib measurement data.	Measure again. Keep finger warm and gently place on AFib detection area.
E6 Try Again Measuring Error Symbol	Pulse signals could not be detected continuously by the AFib detection area for a period.	Place the finger on AFib detection area and keep steady. Measure again.

Note: If “EP” appears on the display, just return the device to your local distributor or importer.

Limited Warranty

Warranty For Two Years from the manufacturing date

Please note that this warranty does not cover damage caused by misuse or abuse; accident; the attachment of any unauthorized accessory; alteration to the product; improper installation; unauthorized repairs or modifications; improper use of electrical/ power supply; loss of power; dropped product; malfunction or damage of an operating part from failure to provide manufacturer’s recommended maintenance; transportation damage; theft; neglect; vandalism; or environmental conditions; loss of use during the period the product is at a repair facility or otherwise awaiting parts or repair; or any other conditions whatsoever that are beyond the control of importers or distributors.

In case it is needed to have the device checked for calibration, please consult the distributor. This is recommended to be considered every two years.

Specifications

Model Number	HL858DK
Measurement Method	Oscillometric
Measurement Range	Pressure: 0 ~ 300 mmHg Pulse: 40 ~ 199 Beats/Minute
Accuracy	Pressure: ± 3 mmHg Pulse: ± 5 % Max.
Inflation	Automatic Inflation (Air Pump)
Deflation	Automatic Air Release Control Valve
Display	Liquid Crystal Display
Memory	240 Memory Total for 2 Users
Unit Dimensions	6.08 x 4.24 x 2.37 inch (L x W x H) 154.5 x 107.8 x 60.4 mm (L x W x H)
Unit Weight	295.8 g ± 5 g (10.43 oz ± 0.17 oz) (Cuff and batteries excluded)
Cuff Size	NC-01: Normal size cuff 9 ~ 13 inch (23 ~ 33 cm) UC-01: Universal size cuff 9~17 inch (23 ~ 43 cm) Optional
Storage/ Transportation Environment	Temperature: -25 °C ~ 70 °C (-13 °F ~ 158 °F) Humidity: ≤ 93 % R.H.
Operation Environment	Temperature: 5 °C ~ 40 °C (41 °F ~ 104 °F) Humidity: 15 % ~ 93 % R.H. Atmospheric pressure: 700hPa ~ 1060hPa
Power Supply	AA “LR6” (1.5 V) alkaline battery x 4 5 V 1A AC Adapter (Optional)
Battery Life	Approx. 200 Measurements
Product Life	5 Years (4 times per day)
Sleeping Mode	Without any operation for 1.5 minutes, device automatically shuts off.
Accessories	4 AA (LR6) Alkaline Batteries, Arm Cuff with Tube, Instruction Manual, Storage Pouch

* The contents of this manual and the specifications of the device covered by this manual are subject to change for improvement without notice.

Note

IThis blood pressure monitor complies with the EC Directive (93/42/EEC) and bears the CE mark. This blood pressure monitor also complies with mainly following standards (included but not limited): CE 0197

ISafety standard:
EN 60601-1 Medical electrical equipment part 1: General requirements for safety And essential performance.
EMC standard:
EN 60601-1-2 Medical electrical equipment part 1-2: General requirements for safety- Collateral standard: Electromagnetic compatibility- Requirements and tests
Performance standards:
EN 1060-3 Non-invasive sphygmomanometers - Supplementary requirements for electromechanical blood pressure measuring systems.
EN 1060-4 Non-invasive sphygmomanometers - Test procedures to determine the overall system accuracy of automated non-invasive sphygmomanometers.
EN ISO 81060-1 Non-invasive sphygmomanometers - Part 1: Requirements and test methods for non-automated measurement type (partially applied)
EN ISO 81060-2 Non-invasive sphygmomanometers - Part 2: Clinical investigation of intermittent automated measurement type
IEC 80601-2-30 Medical electrical equipment -- Part 2-30: Particular requirements for basic safety and essential performance of automated non-invasive sphygmomanometers.

Explanation of symbols :

Symbol	Explanation	Health & Life Information
CE	CE conformity marking	-
0197	Notified Body (NB) number	-
	Refer to instruction manual/ booklet	-
	TYPE BF Applied Part	-
	To avoid inaccurate results caused by electromagnetic interference	Warning: Portable RF communications equipment (including peripherals such as antenna cables and external antennas) should be used no closer than 30cm (12 inches) to any part of the device, Otherwise, degradationof the performance of this equipment could result.
	Waste of electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE)	Discard the used product to the recycling collection point according to local regulations.-
	Manufacturer	HEALTH & LIFE Co., Ltd. 9F, No.186, Jian Yi Road, Zhonghe District 23553, New Taipei City, Taiwan www.healthandlife.com.tw
	Date of Manufacture	YYYY-MM
EC REP	Authorized representative in the European Community	EC REP EMERGO EUROPE Prinsessegracht 20, 2514 AP The Hague, The Netherlands
SN	Serial number	SN YYMMXXXXXX
IP22	Ingress Protection Rating	First characteristic numeral- Degree of protection against access to hazardous parts and against solid foreign objects N1=2 (Protected against solid foreign objects of 12.5 mm Ø and greater) Second characteristic numeral- Degree of protection against ingress of water N2=2 (Protected against vertically falling water drops when ENCLOSURE tilted up to 15°)
93 %	Humidity limitation (Storage/Transportation condition)	R.H.: ≦93 %
+70 °C (158 °F) -25 °C (-13 °F)	Temperature limit (Storage/Transportation condition)	Temperature: -25 °C ~ 70 °C (-13 °F ~ 158 °F)
1060 hPa 700 hPa	Atmospheric pressure limitation (Operating condition)	Atmospheric pressure: 700 hPa~1060 hPa
93 % 15 %	Humidity limitation(Operating condition)	R.H.: 15 % ~ 93 %
40 °C (104 °F) 5 °C (41 °F)	Temperature limit (Operating condition)	Temperature: 5 °C ~ 40 °C(41 °F ~ 104 °F)
	Non-ionizing electromagnetic radiation	-

Device information:
- Internally powered equipment
- Not suitable for use in presence of flammable anesthetic mixture with air or with Oxygen or nitrous oxide
- Continuous operation with short-time loading

HEALTH & LIFE CO., LTD.
9F, No. 186, Jian Yi Road, Zhonghe District 23553, New Taipei City, Taiwan
www.healthandlife.com.tw

Appendix

Guidance and manufacturer’s declaration – electromagnetic emissions

The device is intended for use in the electromagnetic environments listed below, and should only be used in such environments:

Emissions test	Compliance	Electromagnetic environment–guidance
RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	RF energy is used only to maintain device’s operation. Therefore, its RF emissions are so low that it’s not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.
RF emissions CISPR 11	Class B	The device is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic establishments, and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
Harmonic emissions IEC 61000-3-2	Class A	
Voltage fluctuations/ flicker emissions IEC 61000-3-3	Complies	

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic immunity

The device is intended for use in the electromagnetic environments listed below, and should only be used in such environments:

Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment–guidance
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	± 8 kV contact discharge ± 15 kV air discharge	± 8 kV contact discharge ± 15 kV air discharge	In the case of air discharge testing, the climatic conditions shall be within the following ranges: Ambient Temperature: 15 °C~35 °C, Relative Humidity: 30 %~60%.
Power frequency (50 or 60 Hz) magnetic field IEC 61000-4-8	30 A/m 50 or 60 Hz	30 A/m 50 or 60 Hz	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Electrical fast transient/burst IEC 61000-4-4	± 2 kV for power supply lines ± 1 kV for input/output lines	± 2 kV for power supply lines ± 1 kV for input/output lines	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Surge IEC 61000-4-5	AC Power port ±1 KV Line to Line	AC Power port ±1 KV Line to Line	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
interruptions and voltage variations on power supply input lines IEC 61000-4-11	0% UT; 0.5 cycle At 0°,45°,90°,135°, 180°,225°,270°and 315°. 0 % UT; 1 cycles 70 % UT; 25/30 cycles 0 % UT; 250/300 cycle	0% UT; 0.5 cycle At 0°,45°,90°,135°, 180°,225°,270°and 315°. 0 % UT; 1 cycles 70 % UT; 25 cycles 0 % UT; 250 cycle	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the device requires continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that the device be powered from an uninterruptible power supply or a battery.
Conducted RF IEC 61000-4-6	3V rms At 0.15-80 MHz 6V rms At ISM & Radio Amateur Freq.	3V rms At 0.15-80 MHz 6V rms At ISM & Radio Amateur Freq.	Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the device, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter.
Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3 (Proximity fields from RF wireless communications equipment IEC 61000-4-3)	10 V/m at 80-2700 MHz AM Modulation And 9-28V/m at 385-6000MHz, Mode and other Modulation. The system shall be tested as specified in IEC60601-1-2 Table 9 for proximity fields from RF wireless communications equipment using the test methods specified in IEC 61000-4-3	10 V/m at 80-2700 MHz AM Modulation And 9-28V/m at 385-6000MHz, Mode and other Modulation. The system shall be tested as specified in IEC60601-1-2 Table 9 for proximity fields from RF wireless communications equipment using the test methods specified in IEC 61000-4-3	Recommended separation distance Considering to reduce the minimum separation distance, based on RISK MANAGEMENT, and using higher IMMUNITY TEST LEVELS that are appropriate for the reduced minimum separation distance. Minimum separation distances for higher IMMUNITY TEST LEVELS shall be calculated using the following equation: $E = 6/d\sqrt{P}$ where P is the maximum power in W, d is the minimum separation distance in m, and E is the IMMUNITY TEST LEVELS in V/m. Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey,a should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range.b Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol:

NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies.
NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

a. Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the device is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the device should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as reorienting or relocating the device.
b. Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3 V/m.

Test specifications for enclosure port immunity to RF wireless communications equipment.

Test frequency (MHz)	Modulation	IMMUNITY TEST LEVEL (V/m)
385	Pulse modulation 18 Hz [a])	27
450	FM ± 5 kHz deviation 1kHz sine [b])	28
710 745 780	Pulse modulation 217 Hz [a])	9
810 870 930	Pulse modulation 18 Hz [a])	28
1720 1845 1970	Pulse modulation 217 Hz [a])	28
2450	Pulse modulation 217 Hz [a])	28
5240 5500 5785	Pulse modulation 217 Hz [a])	9

NOTE:
If necessary to achieve the IMMUNITY TEST LEVEL, the distance between the transmitting antenna and the ME EQUIPMENT or ME SYSTEM may be reduced to 1 m, The 1 m test distance is permitted by IEC 61000-4-3.

a). The carrier shall be modulated using a 50 % duty cycle square wave signal.
b). AS an alternative to FM modulation, 50 % pulse modulation at 18 Hz may be used because while it does not represent actual modulation, it would be worst case.